

AN EFFICIENT REPRESENTATION FOR FILTRATIONS OF SIMPLICIAL COMPLEXES

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Weizmann Institute of Science.

Joint work with Jean-Daniel Boissonnat (INRIA).

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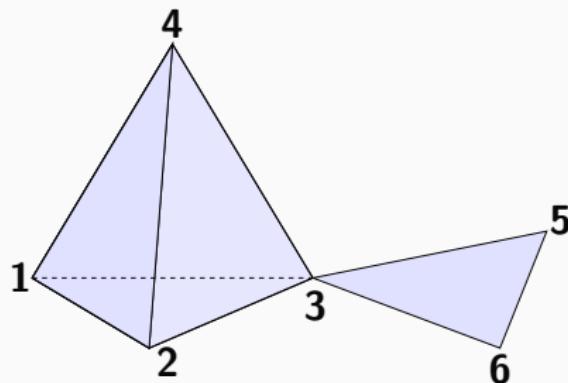
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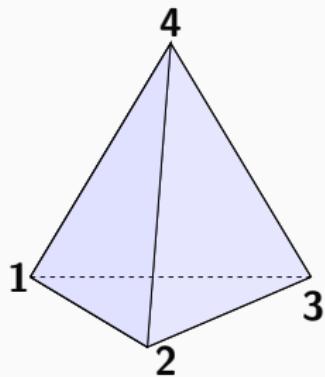
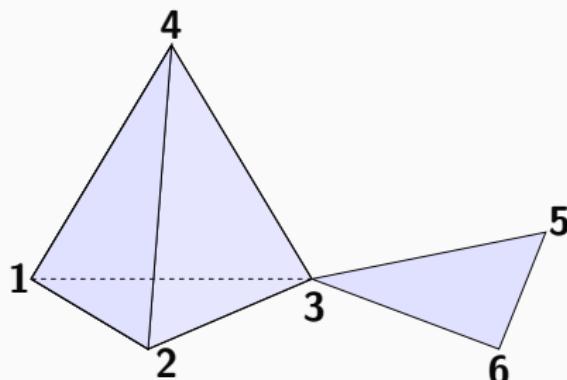


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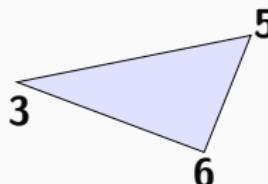
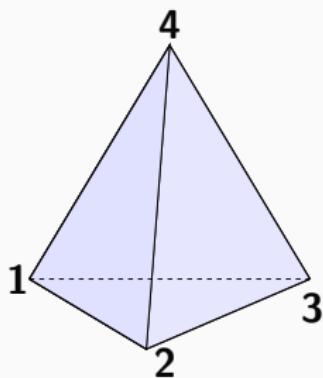
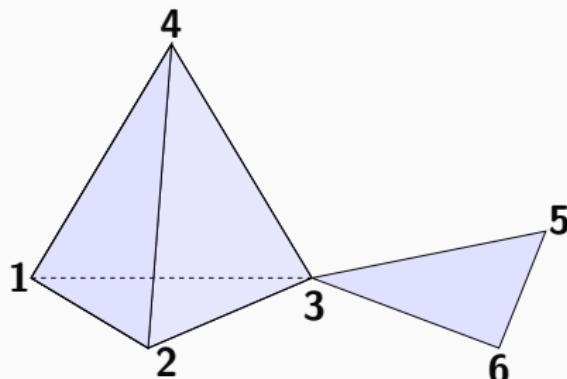


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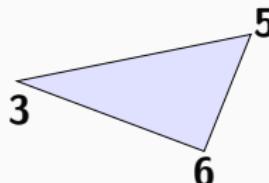
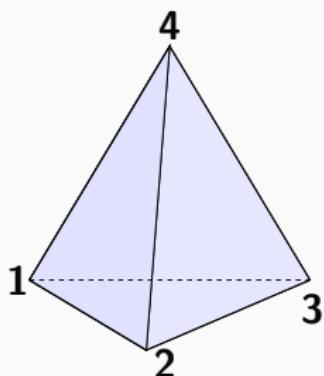
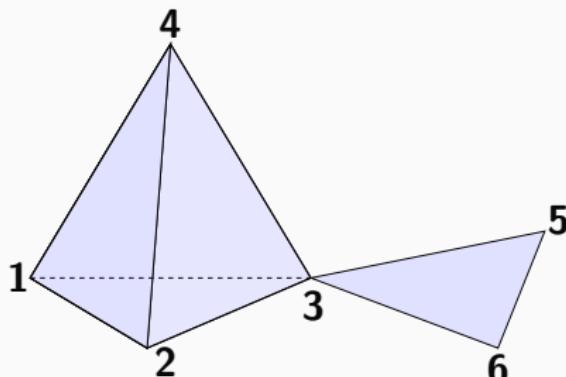


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6 vertices
3 dimensional
2 maximal simplices
22 simplices

REPRESENTATION OF SIMPLICIAL COMPLEXES

Data structures for simplicial complexes:

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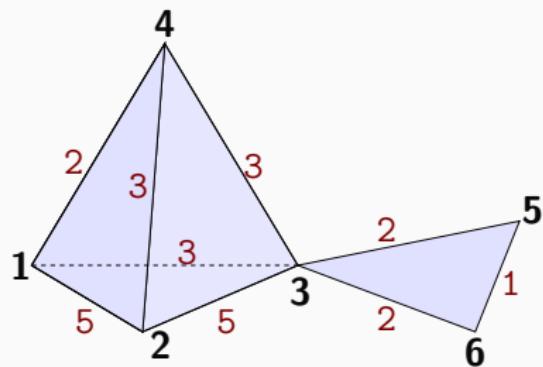
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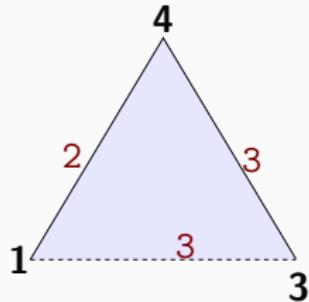
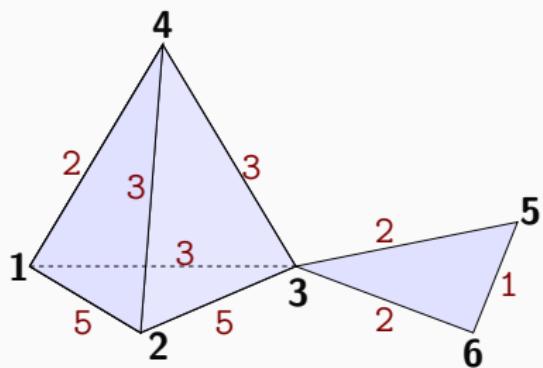
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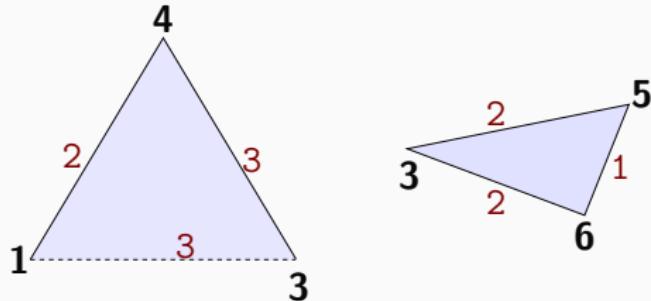
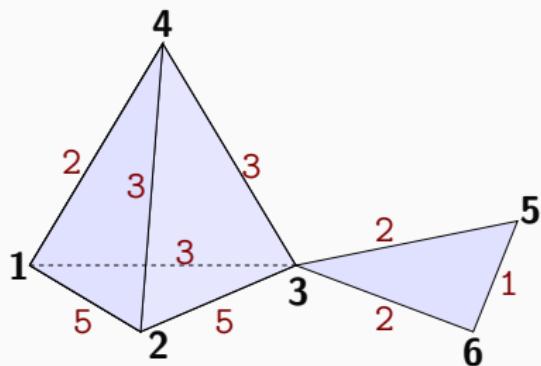
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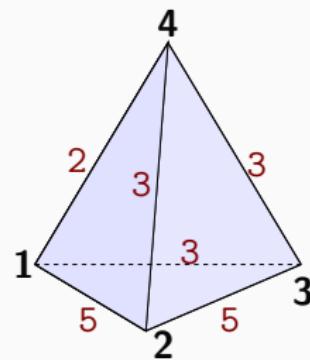
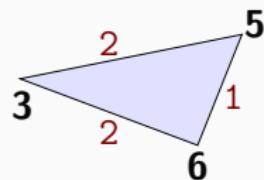
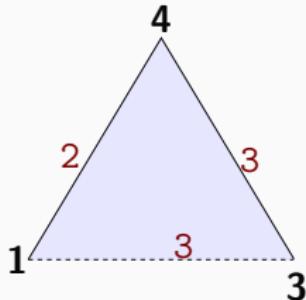
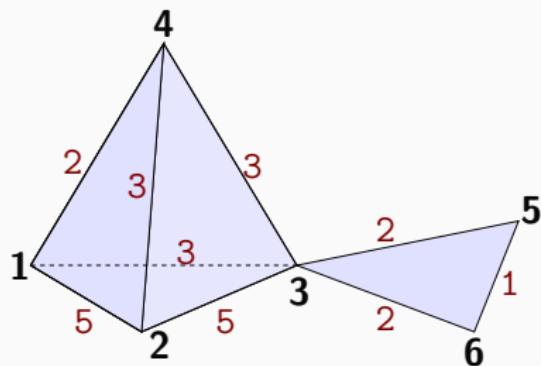
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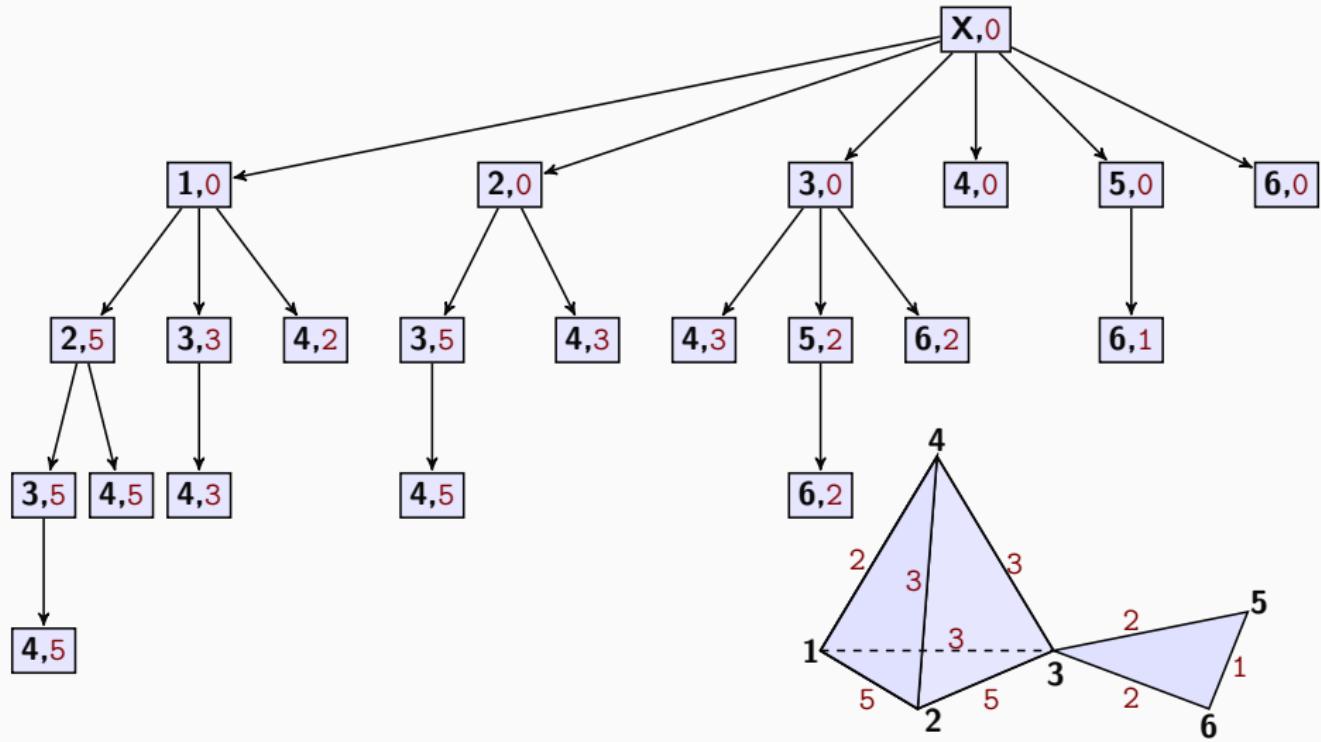
AGENDA

Find a **representation** for filtrations of simplicial complexes:

- ★ **Small** size.
- ★ Perform queries **quickly**:
 - Access filtration value.
 - Simplex Insertion.
 - Simplex Removal.

SIMPLEX TREE

Introduced by Boissonnat and Maria [ESA '12, Algorithmica '14].



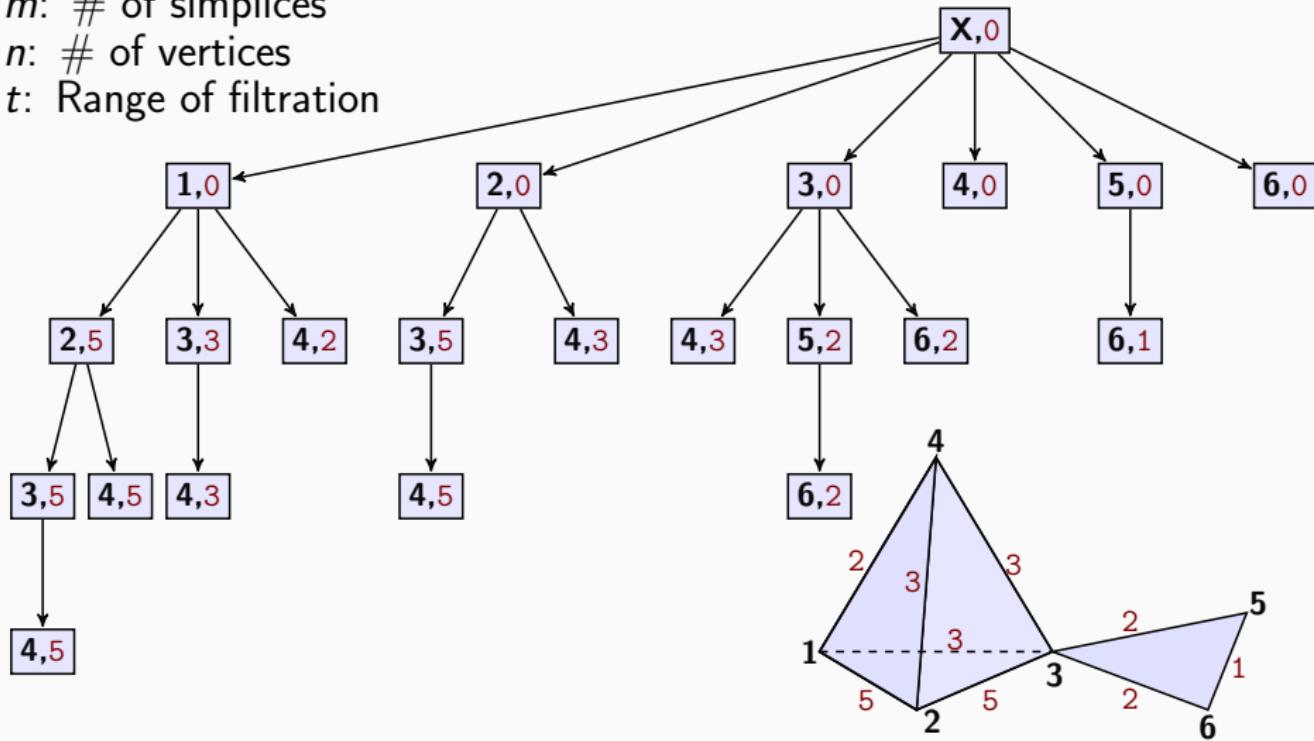
SIMPLEX TREE

Storage: $\Theta(m(\log n + \log t))$

m : # of simplices

n : # of vertices

t : Range of filtration



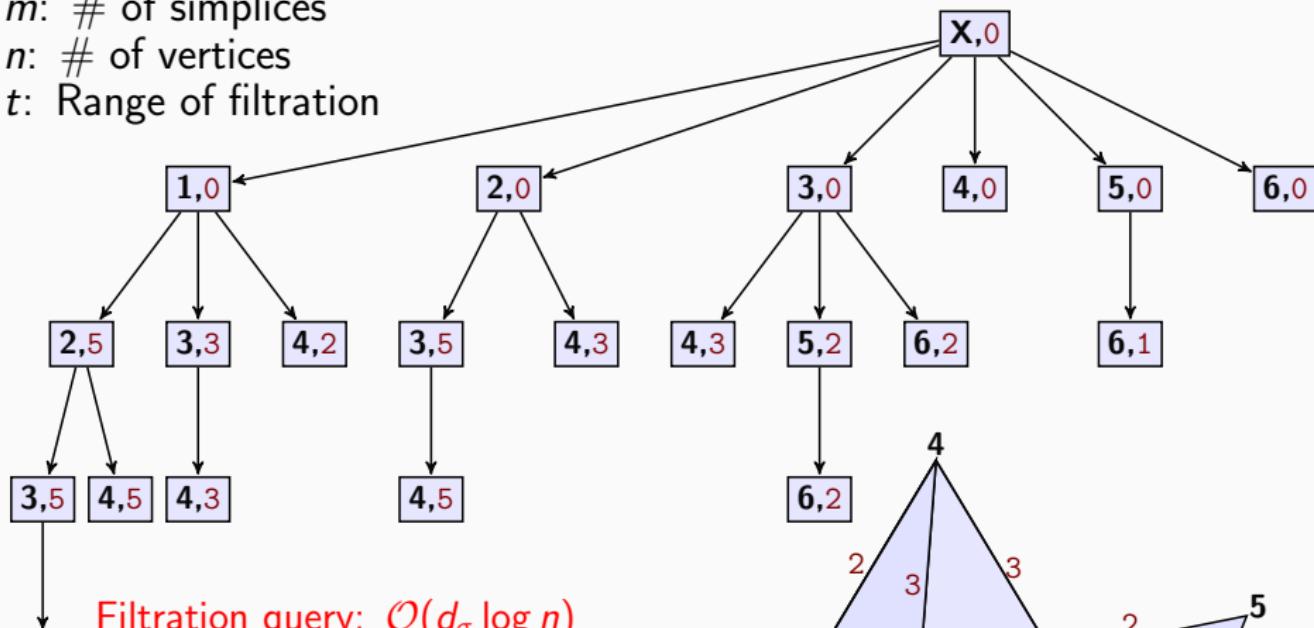
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Insertion: $\mathcal{O}(2^{d_\sigma} d_\sigma \log n)$ σ : a simplex

Removal: $\mathcal{O}(m \log n)$ d_σ : dimension of σ

A CHANGE IN PERSPECTIVE

A simplicial complex $K : \{0, 1\}^n \rightarrow \{0, 1\}$:

- $|x| \leq 1 \implies K(x) = 0$.
- **Monotonicity:** A directed path from y to $x \Rightarrow K(y) \leq K(x)$.

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A compact representation: **store only the boundary!**

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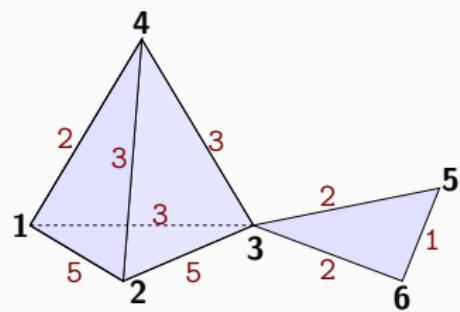
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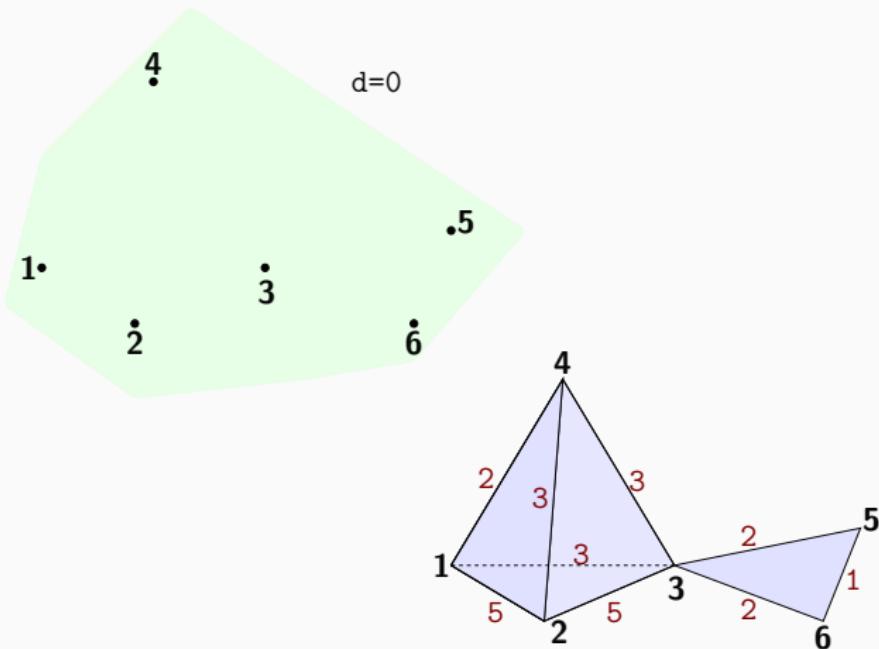
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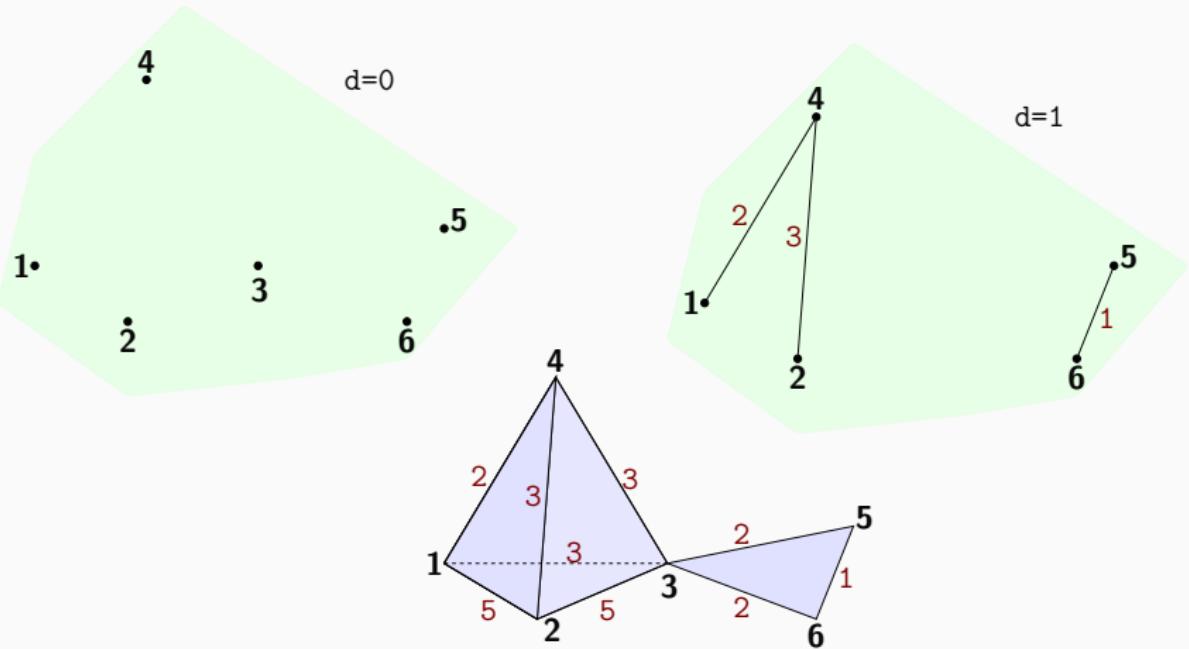
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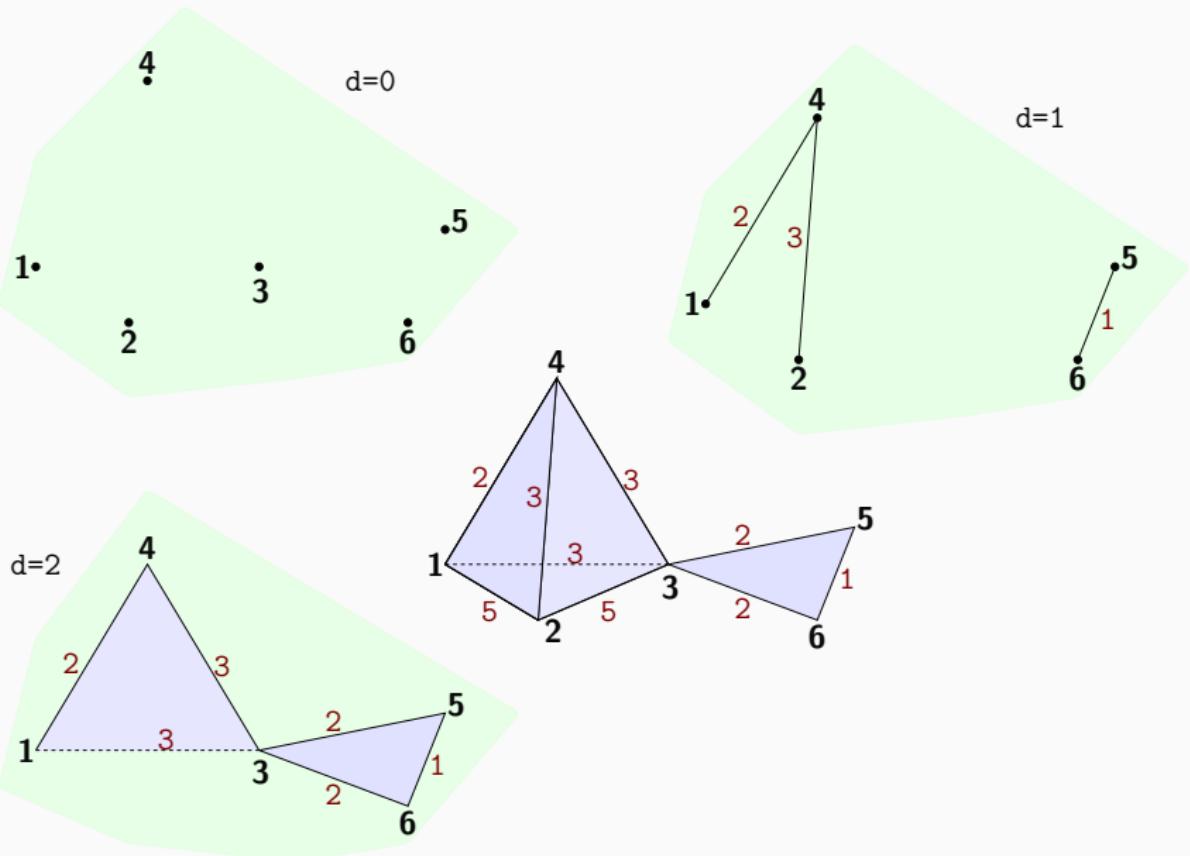
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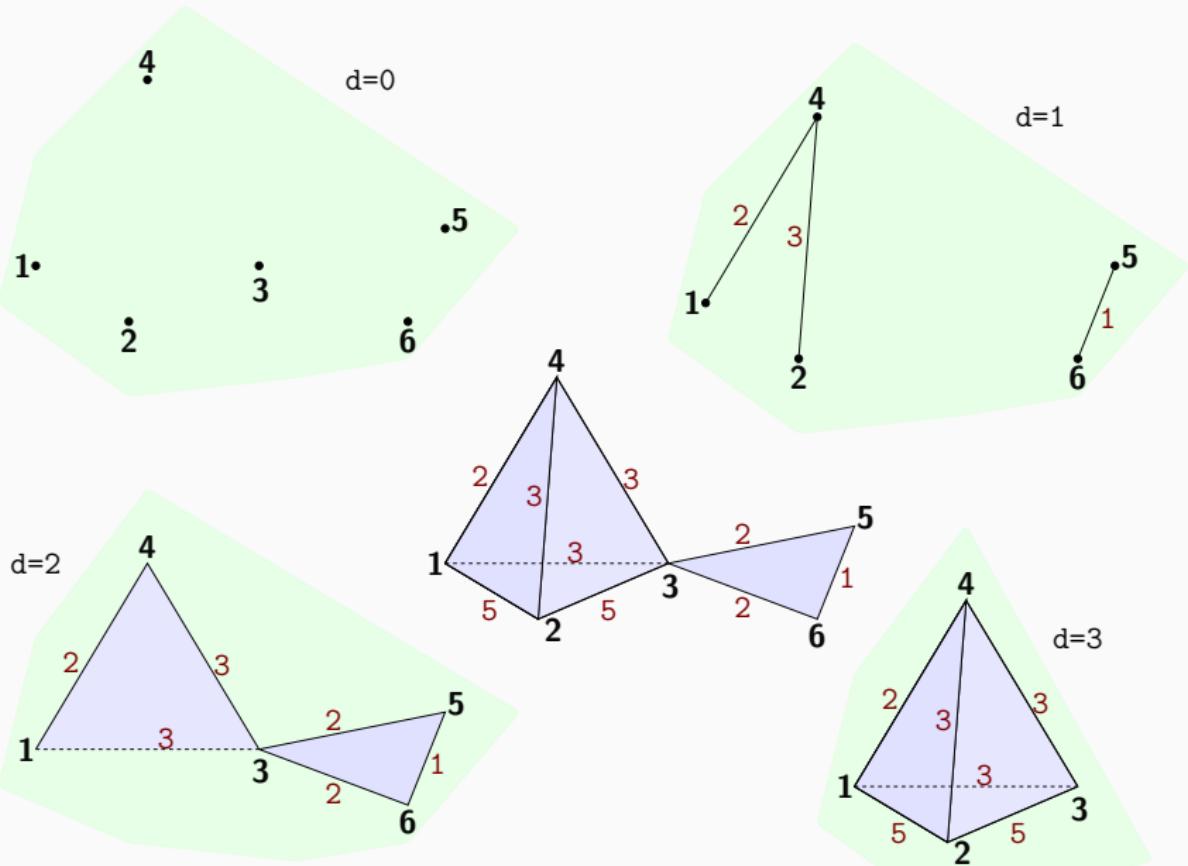
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LOWER BOUND ON DATA STRUCTURES

Theorem

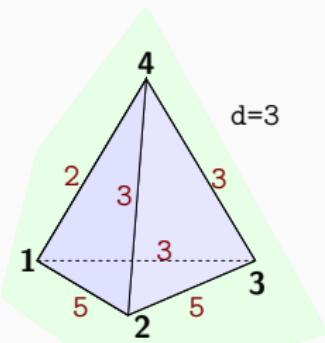
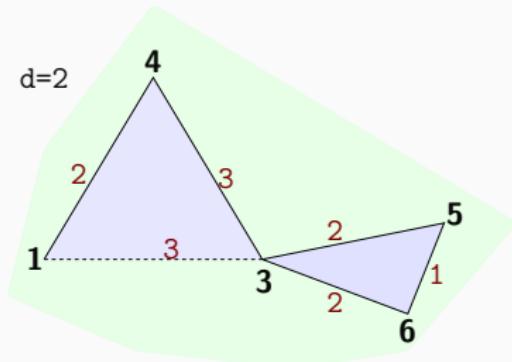
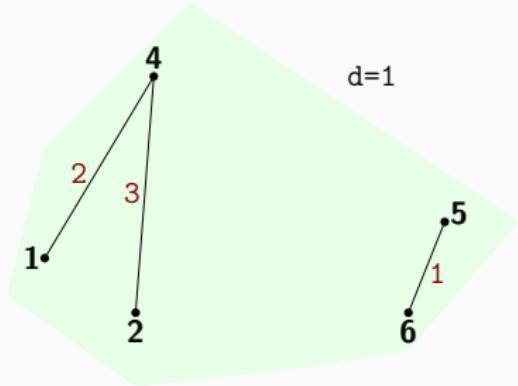
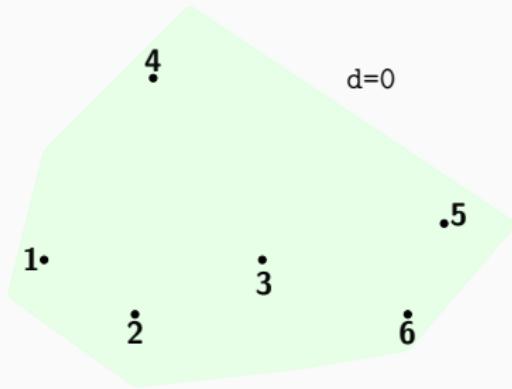
Consider the class of all simplicial complexes on n vertices of dimension d , associated with a filtration over the range of $\{0, \dots, t\}$, such that the number of critical simplices is κ , where $d \geq 2$ and $\kappa \geq n+1$, and consider any data structure that can represent the simplicial complexes of this class. Such a data structure requires $\log \left(\binom{\binom{n/2}{d+1}}{\kappa-n} t^{\kappa-n} \right)$ bits to be stored. For any constant $\varepsilon \in (0, 1)$ and for $\frac{2}{\varepsilon}n \leq \kappa \leq n^{(1-\varepsilon)d}$ and $d \leq n^{\varepsilon/3}$, the bound becomes $\Omega(\kappa(d \log n + \log t))$.

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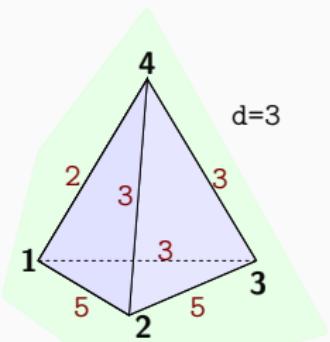
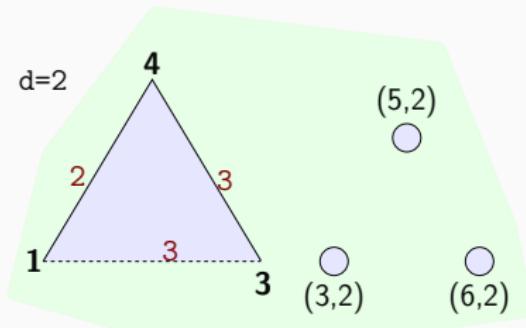
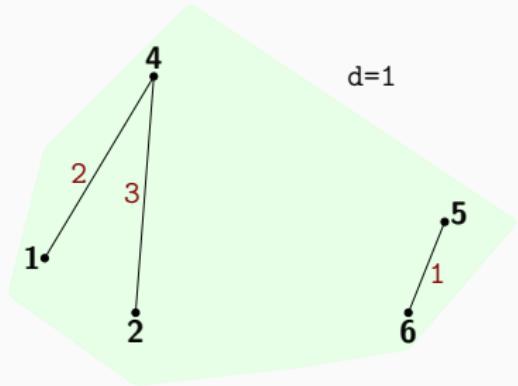
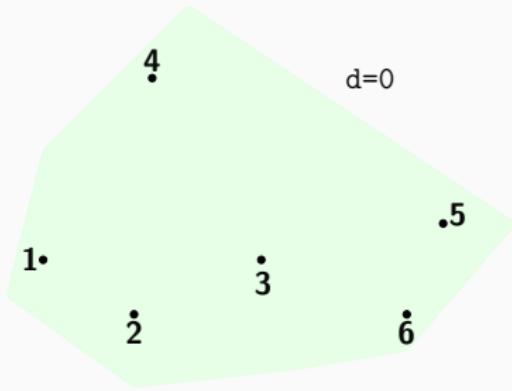
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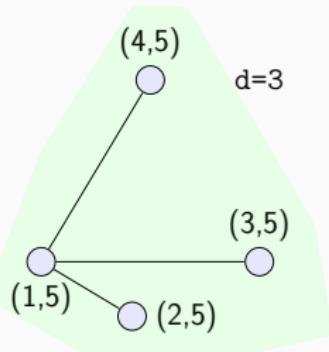
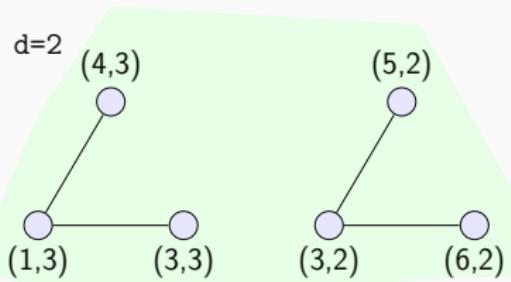
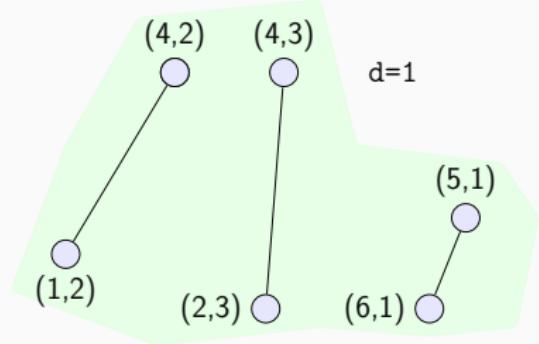
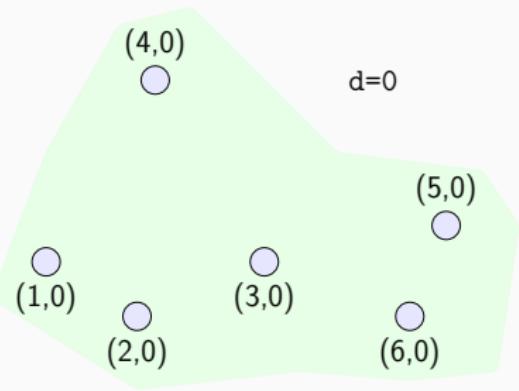
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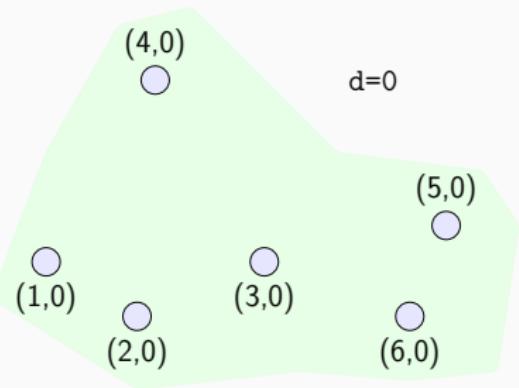
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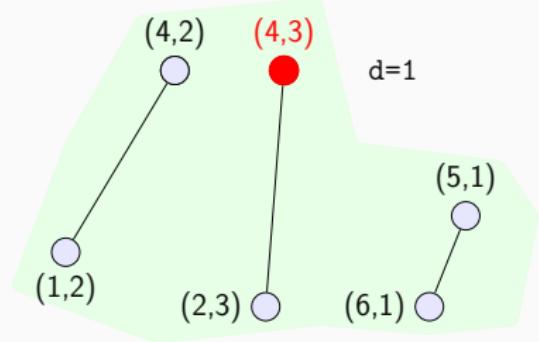
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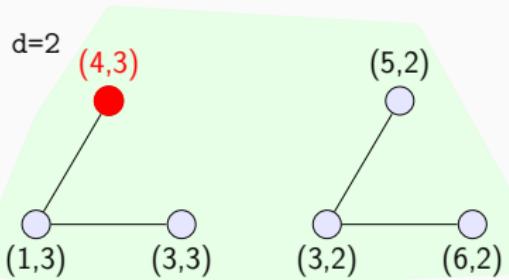
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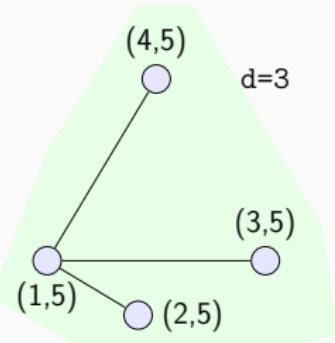
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$d=1$

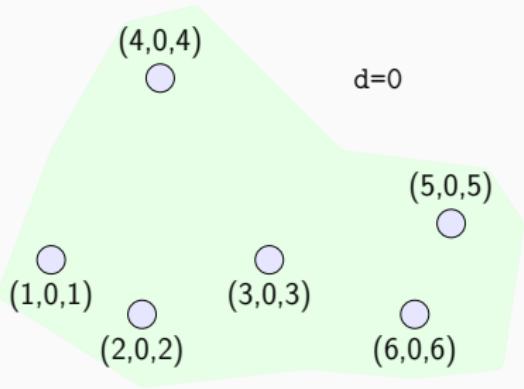


$d=2$

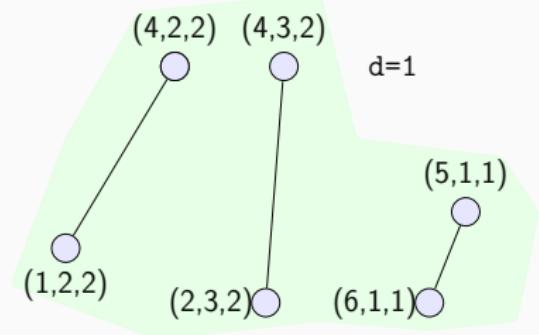


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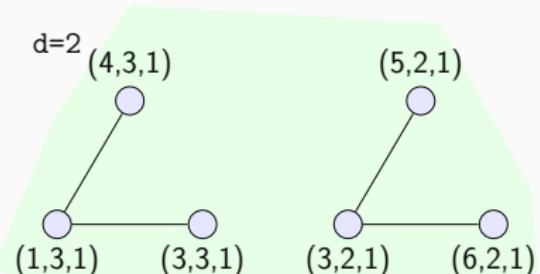
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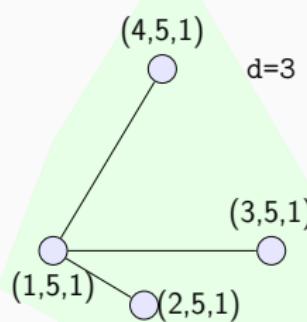
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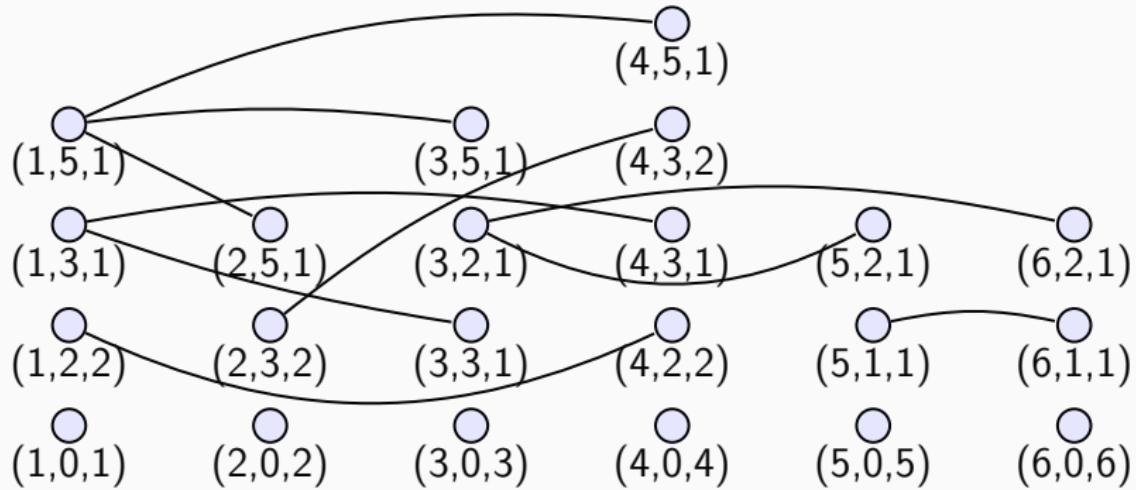


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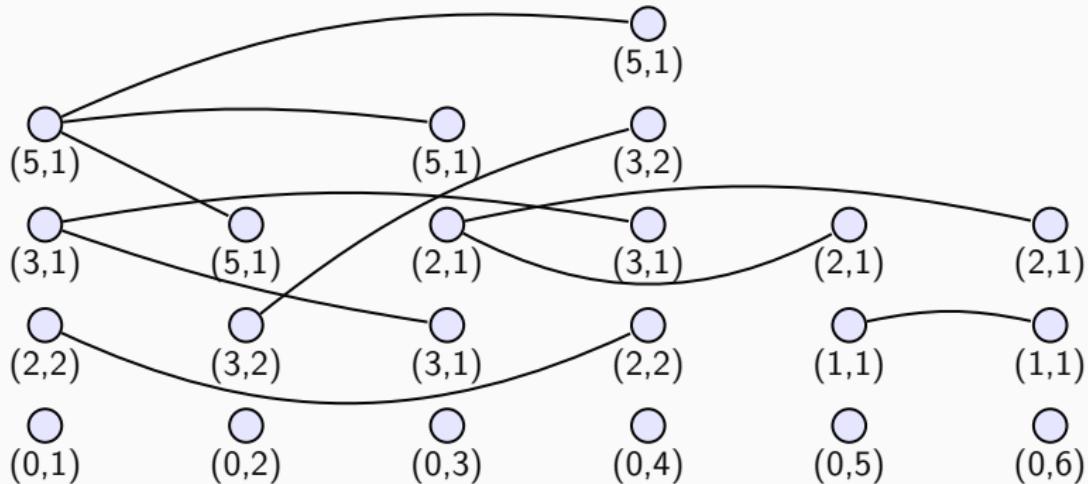


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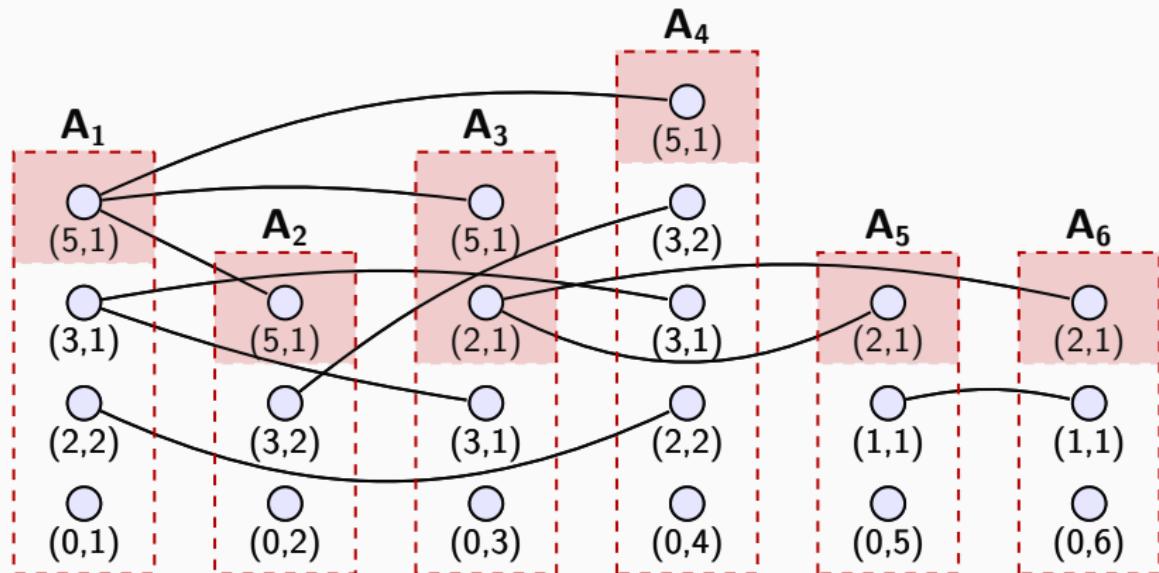
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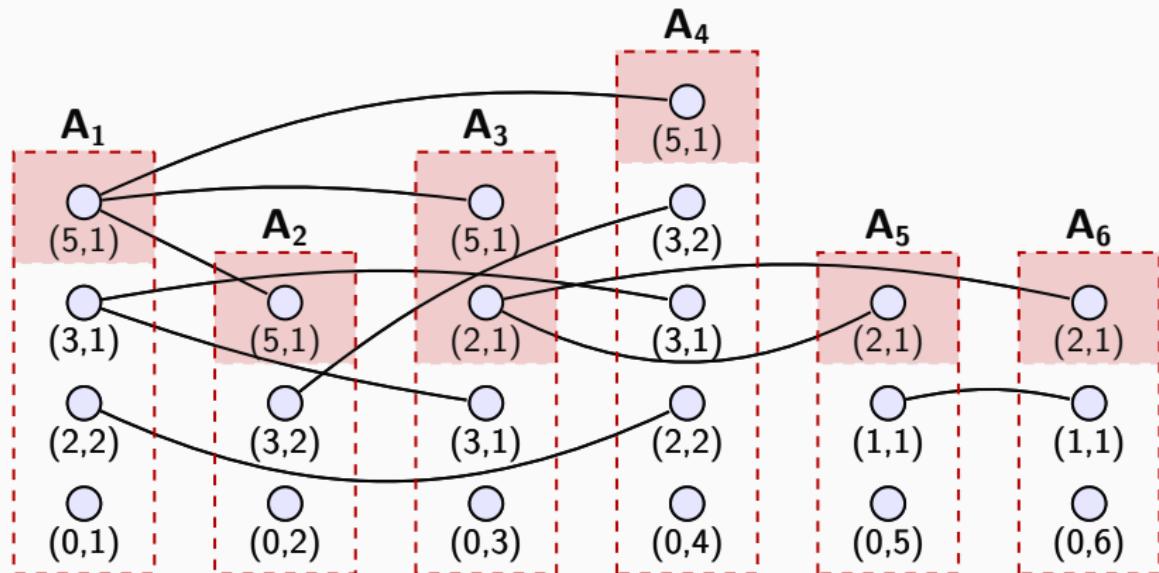
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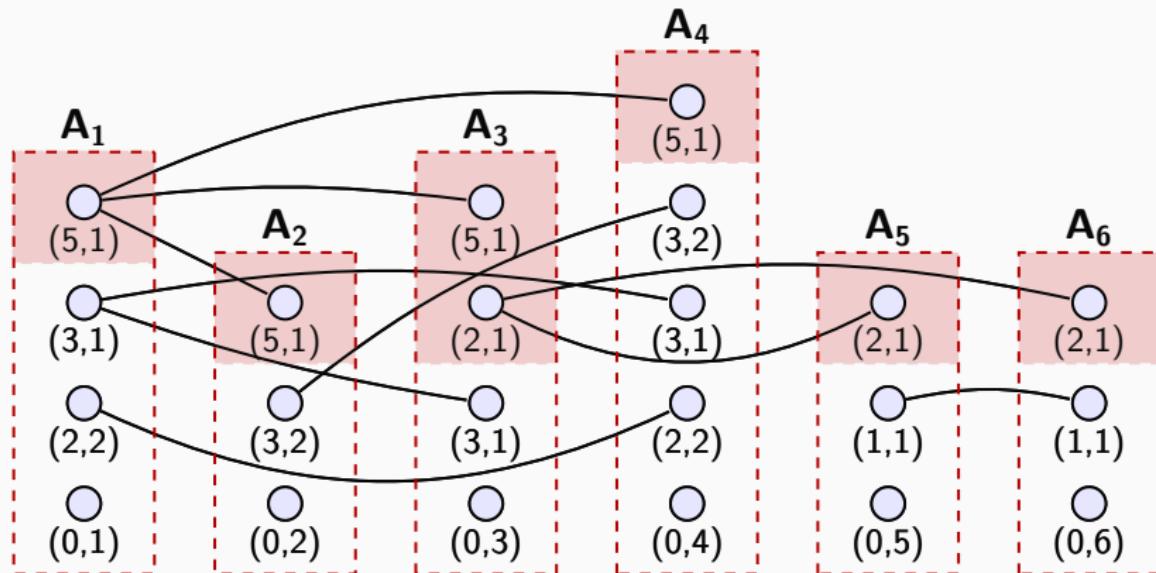
CONSTRUCTION OF CSD



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$\kappa :=$ Number of critical simplices

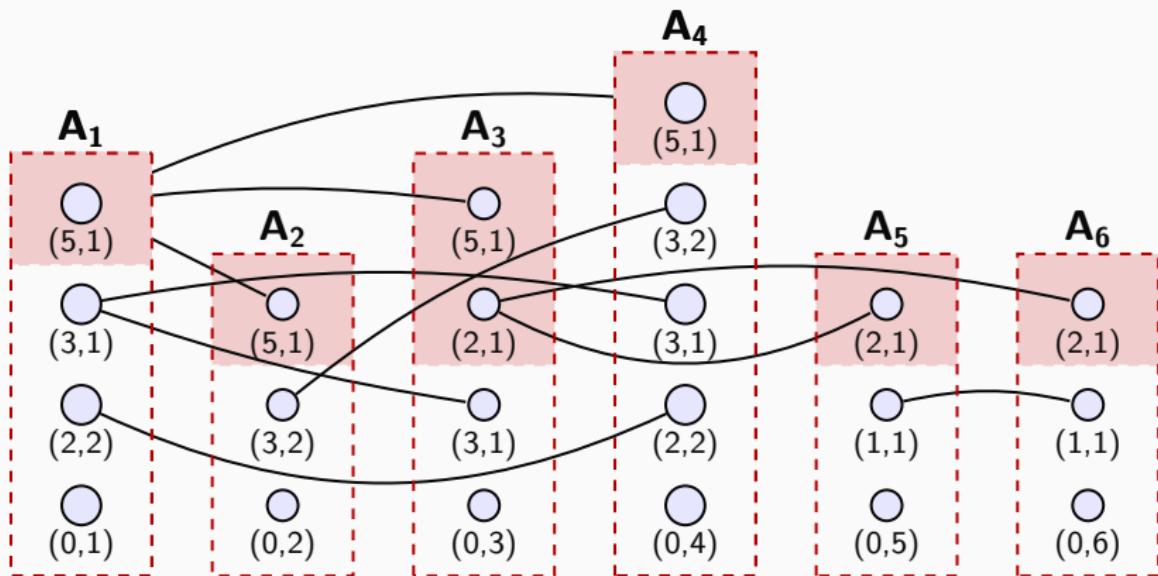
CONSTRUCTION OF CSD



Storage = $\mathcal{O}(\kappa d \log(\kappa t)) \rightarrow \text{"Tight!"}$

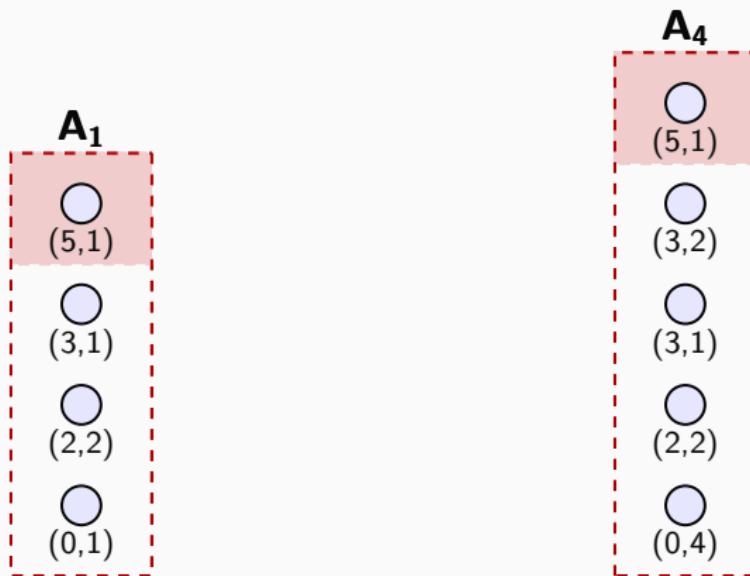
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COMPUTING FILTRATION IN CSD



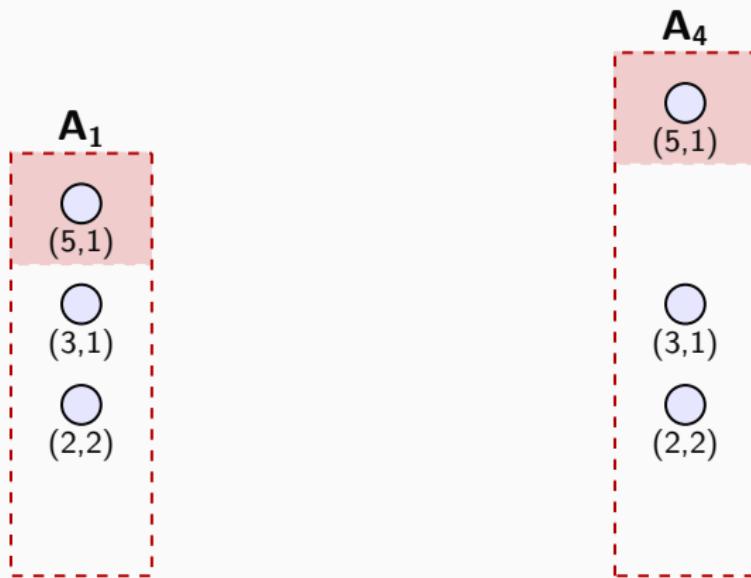
Computing filtration value of $1 - 4$

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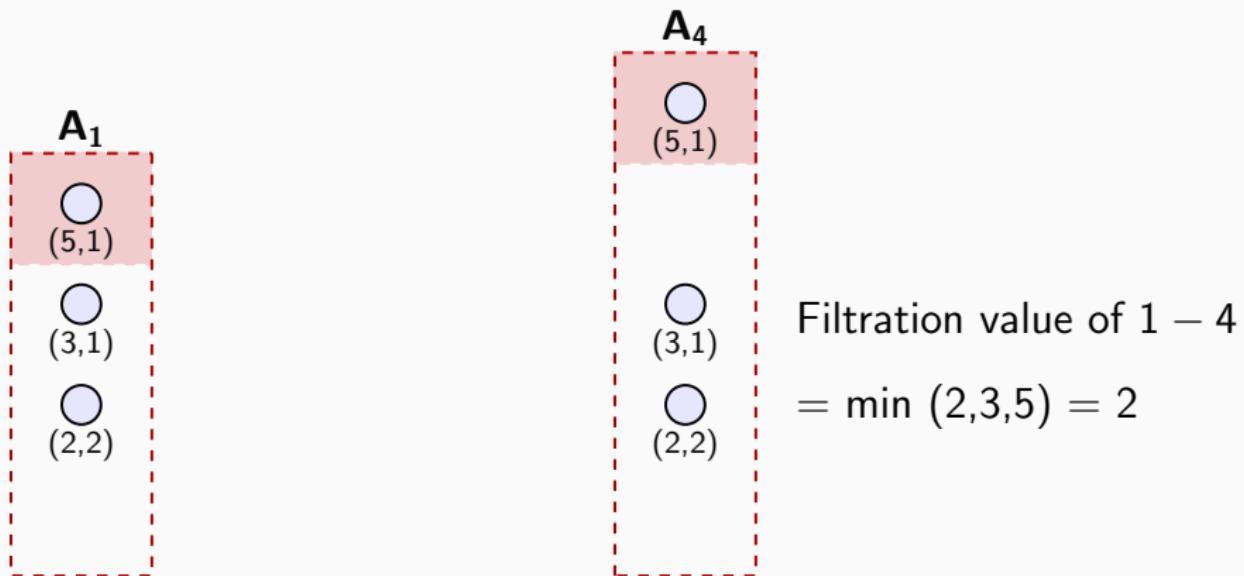
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SOME RELEVANT PARAMETERS

Γ_j : largest number of maximal simplices of K that a given j -simplex of K may be contained in.

$$1 = \Gamma_d \leq \Gamma_{d-1} \leq \cdots \leq \Gamma_1 \leq \Gamma_0 \leq k := \# \text{ of maximal simplices}$$

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$1 = \Gamma_d \leq \Gamma_{d-1} \leq \cdots \leq \Gamma_1 \leq \Gamma_0 \leq k := \#$ of maximal simplices

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Ψ is *mostly* much smaller than κ .

COMPUTING FILTRATION IN CSD

Input: A simplex $\sigma = v_{\ell_0} \cdots v_{\ell_{d_\sigma}}$.

Task: Compute $f(\sigma)$.

1. Find $A_{\ell_0}, \dots, A_{\ell_{d_\sigma}}$.
2. Compute $A_\sigma = \bigcap_{0 \leq i \leq d_\sigma} A_{\ell_i}$.
3. Let \mathcal{P} be projection on to the first coordinate.

$$f(\sigma) = \min \{ \mathcal{P}(x) \mid x \in A_\sigma \}.$$

$$\mathcal{O}(\Psi d_\sigma \log \Psi)$$

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 - 1.1 Remove or relocate all faces of σ which were previously maximal in K .
 - 1.2 Introduce the graph component corresponding to σ .

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1.1 Remove or relocate all faces of σ which were previously maximal in K .

1.2 Introduce the graph component corresponding to σ .

2. If σ is a critical simplex in K :

2.1 Remove all faces of σ which were previously critical in K but are not any more.

2.2 Introduce the graph component corresponding to σ .

$$\mathcal{O}(\Psi d_\sigma^2 \log \Psi)$$

REMOVAL IN CSD

Input: A simplex $\sigma = v_{\ell_0} \cdots v_{\ell_{d_\sigma}}$.

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Input: A simplex $\sigma = v_{\ell_0} \cdots v_{\ell_{d_\sigma}}$.

Task: Remove σ from K .

1. Obtain the set Z_σ of critical simplices in K which contain σ .
2. For every $\tau \in Z_\sigma$, remove τ from K and insert the facets of τ which do not contain σ with appropriate filtration value.

$$\mathcal{O}((\Psi d_\sigma + \Gamma_{d_\sigma}^2) d \log \Psi)$$

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Input: A weighted graph G .

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1. Compute all maximal cliques in G . $\mathcal{O}(k \cdot n^\omega)$
2. Sort all edges of G according to weight:

$$w(e_1) \geq w(e_2) \geq \cdots \geq w(e_{|E|}).$$

3. For every i from 1 to $|E|$:
 - 3.1 Find all maximal cliques in induced subgraph of $N(e_i)$.
 - 3.2 Remove e_i from G .

$\mathcal{O}(\kappa \cdot n^\omega)$

SUMMARY: ST vs. CSD

	Simplex Tree	Critical Simplex Diagram
Storage	$\mathcal{O}(m \log(nt))$	$\mathcal{O}(\kappa d \log(\kappa t))$
Filtration Query	$\mathcal{O}(d_\sigma \log n)$	$\mathcal{O}(d_\sigma \Psi \log \Psi)$
Insertion	$\mathcal{O}(2^{d_\sigma} d_\sigma \log n)$	$\mathcal{O}(d_\sigma^2 \Psi \log \Psi)$
Removal	$\mathcal{O}(m \log n)$	$\mathcal{O}((\Psi d_\sigma + \Gamma_{d_\sigma}^2) d \log \Psi)$
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END OF TALK

Thank you!

VALUE OF Ψ

Data Set: Rips Complex from sampling of Klein bottle in \mathbb{R}^5 .

No	t	ST	CSD	Γ_0	Γ_0^{avg}	Ψ	Ψ^{avg}
0	0	10,508,486	179,521	115	17.9	115	17.9
1	10	10,508,486	490,071	115	17.9	329	49.0
2	25	10,508,486	618,003	115	17.9	429	61.8
3	100	10,508,486	728,245	115	17.9	723	72.8
4	500	10,508,486	765,583	115	17.9	839	76.5
5	2,000	10,508,486	774,496	115	17.9	860	77.4
6	10,000	10,508,486	777,373	115	17.9	865	77.7
7	25,000	10,508,486	778,151	115	17.9	865	77.8
8	100,000	10,508,486	778,319	115	17.9	866	77.8
9	1,000,000	10,508,486	778,343	115	17.9	866	77.8
10	10,000,000	10,508,486	778,343	115	17.9	866	77.8